

UNITEDST SECURITIES AND EXCHA Washington, D.C.



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PART III

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FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 174-5. Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	01/01/10	AND ENDING_		
	MM/DD/YY		MM/I	DD/YY
A. REGIS	TRANT IDENTIFIC	CATION		
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: C. R. DAVIS & COMPANY ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINI 939 CLOCKTOWER DRIVE, S		ox No.)		CIAL USE ONLY
OFFICIAL SEAL SUSAN N GIBBS DIBITANIAS	(No. and Street)	3	62704	4
MY COMMISSION EXPIRES 05/29/19	(State)		(Zip Code)	
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERS JEFFREY R. GIBBS	TO CONTACT IN R	EGARD TO THIS R	(217)	793 – 0733 – Telephone Number
B. ACCOU	UNTANT IDENTIFI	CATION		
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT who ECK, SCHAFER & PUNKE, L		this Report*		
(Na	nme – if individual, state last, fi	rst, middle name)		
600 EAST ADAMS	SPRINGFIELD	ILLIN	ois	62701
(Address)	(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:				
☐ Certified Public Accountant☐ Public Accountant				
☐ Accountant not resident in United	States or any of its posse	ssions.		
FO	R OFFICIAL USE O	NLY		

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

SEC 1410 (06-02)

(s)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

C. R. DAVIS & COMPANY			, a:
f DECEMBER 31		, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm	
		er or director has any proprietary interest in any acc	ount
lassified solely as that of a customer, ex	ccept as follows:	· **	
		0	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Spring K Plibbs	
		Signature	
		PRESIDENT	
	20	Title	
San Muke	Handa and the second		
Notary Public		·	
Notary Public		OFFICIAL SEAL	
his report ** contains (check all applications)	able boxes):	SUSAN N GIRRO S	
(a) Facing Page.		NOTARY PUBLIC - STATE OF ILLINOIS MY COMMISSION EXPIRES:05/29/14	
(b) Statement of Financial Condition	n.	EAPIRES:05/29/14	
(c) Statement of Income (Loss). (d) Statement of Changes in Financia	ial Condition		
(d) Statement of Changes in Finance (e) Statement of Changes in Stockh	olders' Equity or Partner	rs' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.	
(f) Statement of Changes in Liability	ties Subordinated to Clai	ms of Creditors.	
(g) Computation of Net Capital.			
(h) Computation for Determination			
(i) Information Relating to the Poss	session or Control Requir	rements Under Rule 15c3-3.	1.1
(j) A Reconciliation, including appr	opriate explanation of the	e Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and	d the
Computation for Determination	of the Reserve Requirem	nents Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.	hode o
consolidation.	idited and unaudited Stat	tements of Financial Condition with respect to meth	iious c
(I) An Oath or Affirmation.			
(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplement	al Report.		

C. R. DAVIS & COMPANY

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

December 31, 2010 and 2009

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ECK, SCHAFER & PUNKE, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

600 East Adams Street Springfield, Illinois 62701 217-525-1111 Fax 217-525-1120 www.espcpa.com

Independent Auditors' Report

Board of Directors C. R. Davis & Company

We have audited the accompanying statements of financial condition of C.R. Davis & Company as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, and the related statements of income, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the years then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of C.R. Davis & Company as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Eck, Schafur Penke, LLP

Springfield, Illinois February 8, 2011

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

December 31

ASSETS		<u>2010</u>		<u>2009</u>
Cash Cash segregated for exclusive benefit	\$	64,943	\$	47,164
of customers		100		100
Receivable from brokers and dealers		16,054		6,773
Securities owned-marketable, at market				
value		75,354		90,153
Prepaid income tax		16,596		16,148
Other assets		1,613		5,036
Equipment, net of accumulated				
depreciation of \$ 8,529 and \$ 9,139 at 2010 and 2009, respectively		2,740		2,435
	<u>\$</u>	177,400	<u>\$</u>	167,809
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDE	RS' E	QUITY		
Accounts payable	\$	3,961	\$	2,851
Accounts payable Accrued payroll taxes	Ψ	11,753	Ψ	6,640
Commissions payable		14,322		16,259
Commissions puly work		30,036		25,750
Deferred tax liability		2,379		1,036
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Common stock - authorized 100 shares of \$ 100 par value; issued and outstanding 51 shares in				
2010 and 2009		5,100		5,100
Additional contributed capital		56,991		56,991
Retained earnings		82,894		78,932
		144,985		141,023
	<u>\$</u>	177,400	<u>\$</u>	167,809

STATEMENTS OF INCOME

Year ended December 31

_	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Revenues	ф. 25 0 5 2 (4.50
Commissions	\$ 278,536	\$ 170,302
Investment income	2,043	2,710
Net dealer inventory and investment gain	5,945	16,305
	286,524	189,317
Expenses		
Advertising	2,563	1,368
Depreciation	1,024	967
Dues and assessments	2,089	1,395
Entertainment	826	885
Financial and news service	1,353	982
Insurance	17,613	55,355
Miscellaneous	3,343	4,204
Office supplies	3,937	2,437
Postage and printing	706	886
Professional fees	5,865	5,475
Rent	19,200	19,200
Salaries and commissions		
Stockholders	113,510	82,449
Others	83,153	27,960
Service fees	8,595	7,606
Taxes	10,337	8,296
Telephone	4,602	4,078
Utilities	2,951	2,392
	281,667	225,935
Income (loss) before income taxes	4,857	(36,618)
Income taxes	895	(8,064)
NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$ 3,962	<u>\$ (28,554)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

C. R. Davis & Company

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Year ended December 31

	Common Stock	Additional Contributed <u>Capital</u>	Retained <u>Earnings</u>	<u>Total</u>
Balance at December 31, 2008	\$ 5,100	\$ 56,991	\$ 107,486	\$ 169,577
Net loss for the year			(28,554)	(28,554)
Balance at December 31, 2009	5,100	56,991	78,932	141,023
Net income for the year			3,962	3,962
Balance at December 31, 2010	\$ 5,100	<u>\$ 56,991</u>	\$ 82,894	<u>\$ 144,985</u>

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Year ended December 31

		<u>2010</u>		<u>2009</u>
Cash flows from operating activities				
Net income (loss)	\$	3,962	\$	(28,554)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net				
cash used in operating activities				
Investment inventory gain		(5,945)		(16,305)
Depreciation		1,024		967
Deferred income taxes		1,343		3,438
Change in assets and liabilities				
(Increase) decrease in receivable from brokers and dealer	rs	(9,281)		6,889
(Increase) in prepaid income taxes		(448)		(10,602)
(Increase) decrease in other assets		3,423		(2,767)
Increase in accounts payable		1,110		742
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll taxes		5,113		(427)
(Decrease) in commissions payable		(1,937)		(2,672)
Net cash used in operating activities		(1,636)		(49,291)
Cash flows from investing activities				
Purchase of securities owned-marketable		(9,974)		(32,317)
Sale of securities owned-marketable		30,718		4,595
Capital expenditures, net of dispositions		(1,329)		(238)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		19,415		(27,960)
Net increase (decrease) in cash		17,779		(77,251)
Cash at beginning of year		47,264		124,515
Cash at end of year	<u>\$</u>	65,043	<u>\$</u>	47,264

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2010 and 2009

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A summary of the Company's significant accounting policies consistently applied in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements follows.

1. Nature of Operations

The Company's primary business activity is the purchase and sale of investment securities for individuals.

2. Security Transactions

Security transactions are recorded on the trade date.

3. Accounts Receivable

The Company considers accounts receivable to be fully collectible; accordingly, no allowance for doubtful accounts is required. If amounts become uncollectible, they will be charged to operations when that determination is made.

4. Securities Owned

The Company's securities are valued at market as of December 31, 2010 and 2009. Accordingly, the financial statements reflect an unrealized gain (loss) of \$5,520 and \$16,342 for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively, and an accumulated unrealized gain (loss) of \$9,311 and \$3,791 at December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

5. Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers all highly-liquid debt instruments purchased with a maturity of one year or less to be cash equivalents.

6. Depreciation

Equipment is stated at cost. Depreciation on the equipment is provided for in amounts sufficient to relate the cost of depreciable assets to operations over estimated service lives, using straight-line methods for financial reporting and accelerated methods for tax reporting purposes. Estimated useful lives of the assets range from five to seven years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

December 31, 2010 and 2009

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

7. Income Taxes

The Company provides for deferred income taxes arising from the differences in financial and tax accounting.

8. Subsequent Events

C. R. Davis & Company assessed events that have occurred subsequent to December 31, 2010 through February 8, 2011, the date the financial statements were available to be issued, for potential recognition and disclosure in the financial statements. No events have occurred that would require adjustment to or disclosure in the financial statements.

9. New Accounting Pronouncements

In 2009, C. R. Davis & Company adopted Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2009-01, Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 168, "The Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) and the Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP)". This ASU includes FASB Statement No. 168 in its entirety. The ASU establishes the FASB ASC as the source of authoritative accounting principles recognized by the FASB. Rules and interpretive releases of the SEC under federal securities laws are also sources of authoritative GAAP for SEC registrants. All guidance contained in the ASC carries an equal level of authority. Following this ASC, the FASB will issue only ASUs to update the ASC. The adoption did not have a material effect on GAHHS' combined financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

December 31, 2010 and 2009

NOTE B - INCOME TAXES

Details of the provision for current and deferred income taxes for the years ended December 31 follow:

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	
Current provision Federal State	\$ (293) (155)	\$ (7,560) (3,942)	
	(448)	(11,502)	
Deferred provision	1,343	3,438	
	<u>\$ 895</u>	<u>\$ (8,064)</u>	

Deferred tax (benefit) liability at December 31, 2010 and 2009, consist of the following:

		<u> 2010</u>		<u>2009</u>	
Deferred taxes Depreciation, net of tax expensing of equipment Unrealized gains on securities	\$	405 1,974	\$	232 804	
	\$	2,379	<u>\$</u>	1,036	

NOTE C - NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital of not less than \$50,000 at December 31, 2010 and 2009. It also requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively, the Company had net capital of \$106,397 and \$98,712, which were \$56,397 and \$48,712 in excess of its required net capital of \$50,000 for 2010 and 2009. The Company's net capital ratio was .28 to 1 and .26 to 1 at December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

December 31, 2010 and 2009

NOTE D - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Company follows requirements for *Fair Value Measurements* (as initially required by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 157, and subsequently superceded by Accounting Standards Codification 820). The guidance defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. ASC 820 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value should be based on assumptions that market participants would use including a consideration of non-performance risk.

The Company assessed the inputs used to measure fair value using a three-tier hierarchy based on the extent to which inputs used in measuring fair value are observable in the market. Level 1 inputs include quoted prices for identical instruments and are the most observable. Level 2 inputs include quoted prices for similar assets and observable inputs such as interest rates, currency exchange rates, commodity rates, and yield curves. Level 3 inputs are not observable in the market and include management's judgments about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability.

The fair values of the Company's investments were determined using inputs, as described above, at December 30, 2010 and 2009, as follows:

2010 2009

Level 1

Cash and cash equivalents and deposits \$\\$75,354\$ \$\\$90,153

There were no Level 2 or Level 3 investments held in 2010 or 2009.

NOTE E - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Jeffrey R. Gibbs is the majority shareholder of the Company. The Company was a tenant in a building owned by Mr. Gibbs during 2010 and 2009.



ECK, SCHAFER & PUNKE, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

600 East Adams Street Springfield, Illinois 62701 217-525-1111 Fax 217-525-1120 www.espcpa.com

Independent Auditors' Report on Supplementary Information

Board of Directors C. R. Davis & Company

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole, which are presented in the preceding section of this report. The supplementary information presented on pages 14 through 17 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the 2010 basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2010 basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is stated fairly in all material respects in relation to the 2010 basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Eck, Schafunlunke, Ul

Springfield, Illinois February 8, 2011

SCHEDULE I FOCUS REPORT - PART IIA

Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15C3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission As of December 31, 2010

Firm ID: 001593 144,985 Total ownership equity (o/e) 2. Deduct o/e not allowable for net capital 144,985 Total o/e qualified for net capital 3. 4. Add: A. Allowable subordinated liabilities B. Other deductions or credits 144,985 Total capital and allowable subloans Deductions and/or charges A. Total nonallowable assets 27,285 B. Secured demand note deficiency C. Capital charges for spot and commodity futures D. Other deductions and/or charges 27,285 Other additions and/or allowable credits 117,700 Net capital before haircuts Haircuts on securities: A. Contractual commitments B. Subordinated debt C. Trading and investment securities: 1. Exempted securities 2. Debt securities 3. Options 11,303 4. Other securities D. Undue concentration 11,303 E. Other 106,397 10. Net Capital

SCHEDULE I FOCUS REPORT - PART IIA - CONTINUED

Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15C3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission As of December 31, 2010

				Firm	ID: 001593
11.	Minimum net capital required: (based on aggregate indebtedness)			\$	2,002
12.	Minimum dollar requirement				50,000
13.	Net capital requirement (greater of line 11 or 12)				50,000
14.	Excess net capital				56,397
15.	Excess net capital at 1000% (net capital - 120% of net capital requirement)				46,397
	Computation of Aggregate Indebted	ness			
16.	Total AI liabilities from balance sheet			\$	30,036
17.	 Add: A. Drafts for immediate credit B. Market value of securities borrowed where no equivalent value is paid or credited C. Other unrecorded amounts 	\$	- - <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
19.	Total aggregate indebtedness			\$	30,036
20.	Ratio of AI/NC				.28 to 1

SCHEDULE II RECONCILIATION OF COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL

	Accompanying Statement of Financial Condition	FOCUS IIA Report Submitted January, 2011	Difference
Stockholders' equity	\$ 144,985	\$ 144,985	\$ -
Nonallowable assets		4	
12b-1 Commissions receivable	6,336	6,336	-
Prepaid expense	1,613	1,613	-
Fixed assets	2,740	2,740	-
Income taxes recoverable	16,596	16,596	-
Haircuts on securities	11,303	11,303	ja-
	38,588	38,588	
NET CAPITAL	<u>\$ 106,397</u>	<u>\$ 106,397</u>	<u>\$</u>

SCHEDULE III CLAIM FOR EXEMPTION PURSUANT TO RULE 15c3-3

December 31, 2010

An exemption from Rule 15c3-3 is claimed by section (k)(2)(ii).

C. R. DAVIS & COMPANY

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5 FOR A BROKER-DEALER CLAIMING AN EXEMPTION FROM SEC RULE 15c3-3

December 31, 2010 and 2009

ECK, SCHAFER & PUNKE, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

600 East Adams Street Springfield, Illinois 62701 217-525-1111 Fax 217-525-1120 www.espcpa.com

To the Board of Directors C. R. Davis & Company Springfield, Illinois

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of C. R. Davis & Company (the Company) for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons.
- 2. Recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13.
- 3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. In addition, because of inherent limitations in internal control, including the possibility of management override of controls, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected by such controls.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or a combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Company's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the Company's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the Company's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or a combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the Company's internal control. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We believe the following matter is a significant deficiency. Our recommendations regarding these matters are discussed below.

Segregation of Duties

Proper segregation of duties and responsibilities does not exist since only two persons record all cash and security transactions and do the bookkeeping for the Company. This weakness is somewhat alleviated by the supervision and review of the president of the Company who is integrally involved with the daily operations. We recognize that it may not be practicable to segregate duties because of the size of the Company's operations, but our professional responsibilities require us to bring this to your attention.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purpose in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2010 and 2009, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the National Association of Securities Dealers, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Eck, Schafer + Punke, LLP

Springfield, Illinois February 8, 2011